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In a nutshell

-Vast archives of stereo imagery available in Iceland, with potential for extraction of Digital Elevation Models (DEMs)

-Reconstruction of Geodetic Mass Balance (GMB) in decadal time span from 1945-present in Icelandic glaciers helps understanding regional climate

Aims of the study:

-Develop a highly automated processing chain for DEM & ortho processing from stereo imagery based on open source software

-Use Eyjafjallajökull as test area to study different scenarios of data availability and reference data, and study results of accuracy and changes in Eyjafjallajökull

Figure 1: (Left) Map of Iceland with main glaciated areas. A gray polygon shows the footprints of the Hexagon KH-9 images, and a white rectangle marks Eyjafjallajökull. (Right) Lidar DEM from Eyjafjallajökull 2010 [1].



	Stats Icefree				Stats on-glacier	Tab
Time	Mean	Median	SD	NMAD	bias-corrected	diffe
period	(m)	(m)	(m)	(m)	Mean dH (m)	DEM
1945-1960	-3.33	-3.13	7.29	6.34	-13.61	esti
1984-1989	1.02	0.73	2.49	1.54	7.81	disp
1998-2004	0.66	0.23	7.38	4.38	-11.48	surr
2010-2014	-0.20	-0.18	1.45	0.43	-2.26	olde





Changes in Eyjafjallajökull ice cap 1945-2015 based on multiple archives of elevation data Joaquín M.C. Belart^{1,2}, Eyjólfur Magnússon¹, Etienne Berthier², Finnur Pálsson¹, Guðfinna Aðalgeirsdóttir¹



ble 2 (left): Examples of statistics calculated over erential DEMs (dDEMs). Case of lidar as HR reference 1. The statistics over icefree areas are used to imate remaining bias of the dDEM and error persion. They are calculated over 1km buffer of areas rounding the glacier margin. The errors increase with er datasets and coarser GSD of the dataset





Figure 3: Net elevation change from different time periods in Eyjafjallajökull ice cap. Red indicates thinning and blue thickening. The glacier front at Gigjökull and Steinshollsjökull advanced during the period 1960-1994. The period 2009-2010 reveals the melted surface of the ice cap due to the April 2010 Eyjafjallajökull eruption, and in 2010-2014 the melted channel was refilled due to the ice dynamics

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[1] Jóhannesson, T., Björnsson, H., Magnússon, E., Guðmundsson, S., Pálsson, F.,

Hexagon KH-9 Photoreconnaissance mission



Figure 5: a) Orthomosaic of Hexagon KH-9 images covering $\sim 1/3$ of Iceland, overlayed with contours of the DEM produced. **b)** Elevation difference between the Hexagon KH-9 DEM and the lidar DEM in Eyjafjallajökull

References